

LA-UR 10-05188



IMPLEMENTATION & COMPARISON OF RDMA OVER ETHERNET

Students: Mentors:

Lee Gaiser, Brian Kraus, and James Wernicke

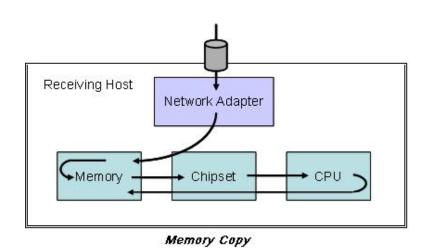
Andree Jacobson, Susan Coulter, Jharrod LaFon, and Ben McClelland

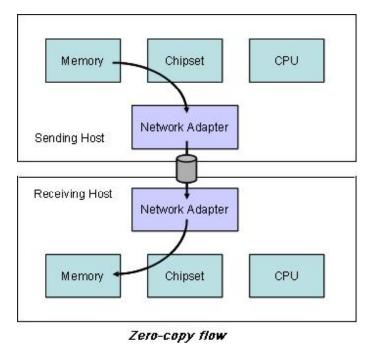
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Background: Remote Direct Memory Access (RDMA)

- RDMA provides high-throughput, lowlatency networking:
 - Reduce consumption of CPU cycles
 - Reduce communication latency





Images courtesy of http://www.hpcwire.com/features/17888274.html

Background: InfiniBand

- Infiniband is a switched fabric communication link designed for HPC:
 - High throughput
 - Low latency
 - Quality of service
 - Failover
 - Scalability
 - Reliable transport
- How do we interface this high performance link with existing Ethernet infrastructure?

Background: RDMA over Converged Ethernet (RoCE)

- Provide Infiniband-like performance and efficiency to ubiquitous Ethernet infrastructure.
 - Utilize the same transport and network layers from IB stack and swap the link layer for Ethernet.
 - Implement IB verbs over Ethernet.
- □ Not quite IB strength, but it's getting close.
- □ As of OFED 1.5.1, code written for OFED RDMA auto-magically works with RoCE.

Objective

We would like to answer the following questions:

- What kind of performance can we get out of RoCE on our cluster?
- Can we implement RoCE in software (Soft RoCE) and how does it compare with hardware RoCE?

Testing Environment

Hardware:

- HP ProLiant DL160 G6 servers
- Mellanox MNPH29B-XTC 10GbE adapters
- \square 50/125 OFNR cabling

Operating System:

- □ CentOS 5.3
- 2.6.32.16 kernel

Software/Drivers:

- Open Fabrics Enterprise Distribution (OFED) 1.5.2-rc2 (RoCE) & 1.5.1-rxe (Soft RoCE)
- OSU Micro Benchmarks (OMB) 3.1.1
- OpenMPI 1.4.2











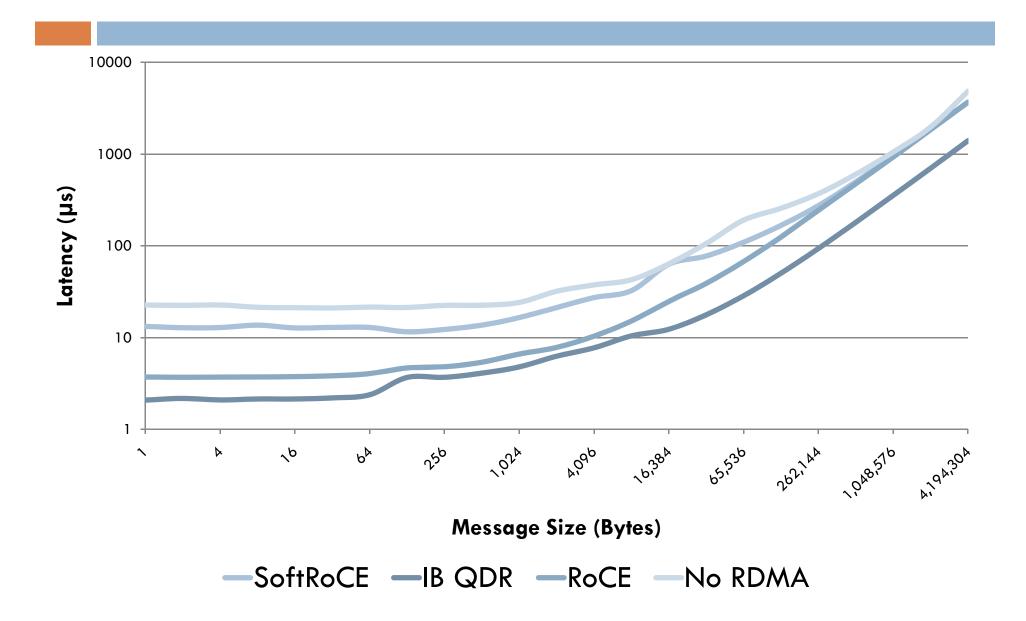




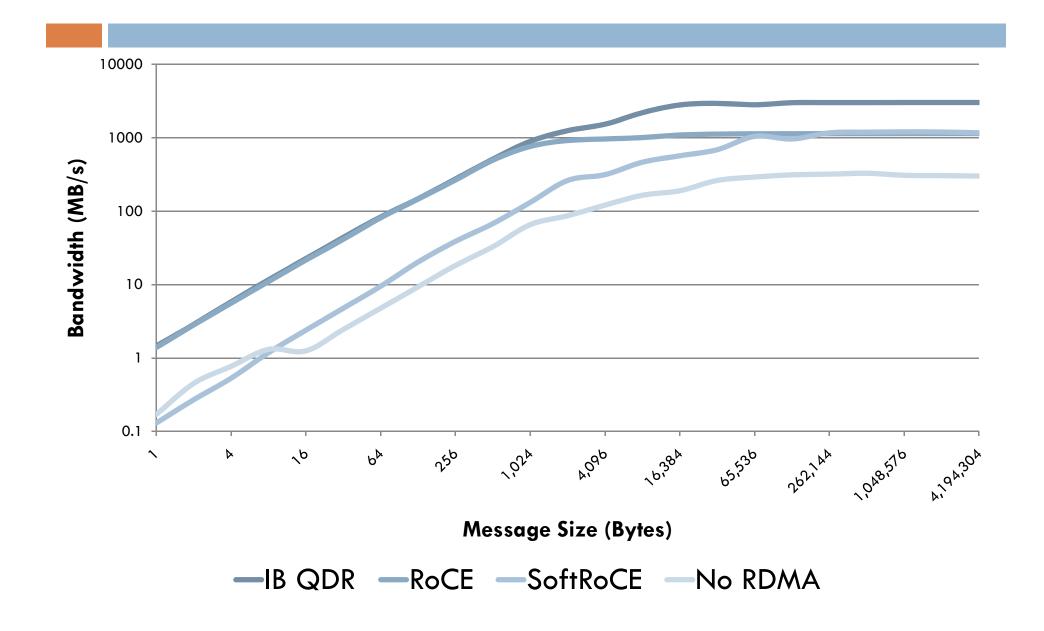
Methodology

- Set up a pair of nodes for each technology:
 - IB, RoCE, Soft RoCE, and no RDMA
- Install, configure & run minimal services on test nodes to maximize machine performance.
- Directly connect nodes to maximize network performance.
- Acquire latency benchmarks
 - OSU MPI Latency Test
- Acquire bandwidth benchmarks
 - OSU MPI Uni-Directional Bandwidth Test
 - OSU MPI Bi-Directional Bandwidth Test
- Script it all to perform many repetitions

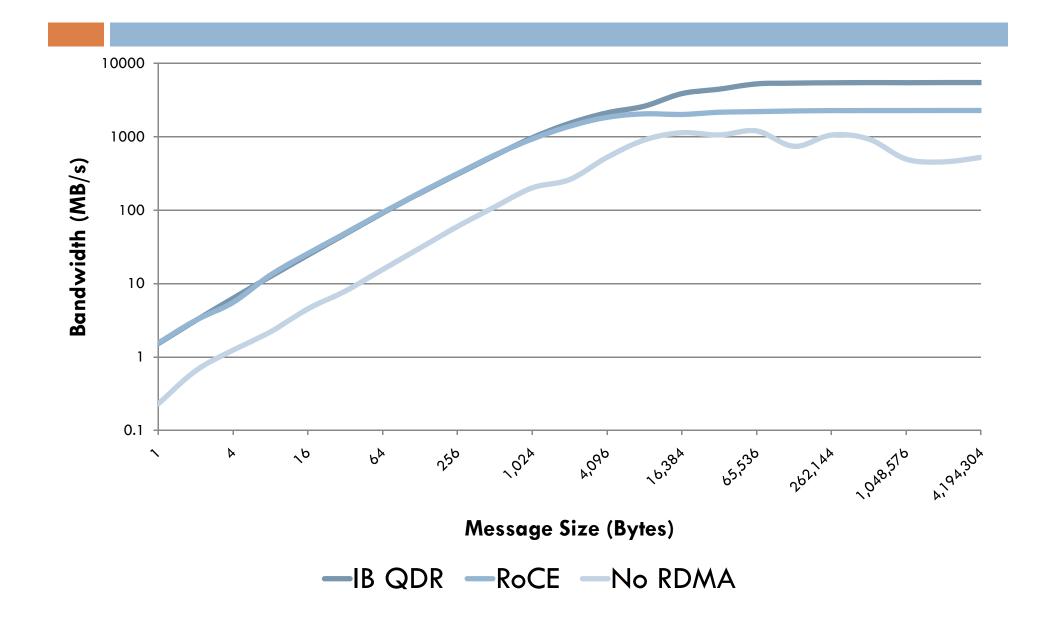
Results: Latency



Results: Uni-directional Bandwidth



Results: Bi-directional Bandwidth



Results: Analysis

Peak Values	IB QDR	RoCE	Soft RoCE	No RDMA
Latency (µs)	1.96	3.7	11.6	21.09
Two-way BW (MB/s)	5481.9	2284.7	-	1136.1

- RoCE performance gains over 10GbE:
 - □ Up to 5.7x speedup in latency
 - □ Up to 3.7x increase in bandwidth
- □ IB QDR vs. RoCE:
 - □ IB less than 1µs faster than RoCE at 128-byte message.
 - IB peak bandwidth is 2-2.5x greater than RoCE.

Conclusion

- RoCE is capable of providing near-Infiniband QDR performance for:
 - Latency-critical applications at message sizes from 128B to 8KB
 - Bandwidth-intensive applications for messages < 1 KB.
- Soft RoCE is comparable to hardware RoCE at message sizes above 65KB.
- Soft RoCE can improve performance where RoCEenabled hardware is unavailable.

Further Work & Questions

- How does RoCE perform over collectives?
- Can we further optimize RoCE configuration to yield better performance?
- Can we stabilize the Soft RoCE configuration?
- How much does Soft RoCE affect the compute nodes ability to perform?
- □ How does RoCE compare with iWARP?

Challenges

- Finding an OS that works with OFED & RDMA:
 - Fedora 13 was too new.
 - Ubuntu 10 wasn't supported.
 - CentOS 5.5 was missing some drivers.
- Had to compile a new kernel with IB/RoCE support.
- Built OpenMPI 1.4.2 from source, but wasn't configured for RDMA; used OpenMPI 1.4.1 supplied with OFED instead.
- The machines communicating via Soft RoCE frequently lock up during OSU bandwidth tests.

Lessons Learned

- Installing and configuring HPC clusters
- Building, installing, and fixing Linux kernel, modules, and drivers
- Working with IB, 10GbE, and RDMA technologies
- Using tools such as OMB-3.1.1 and netperf for benchmarking performance

Acknowledgments

Andree Jacobson

Susan Coulter

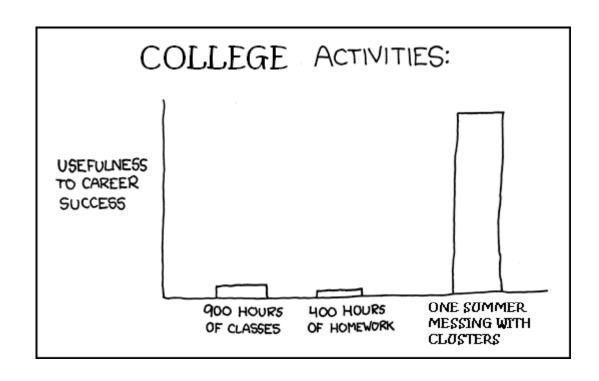
Jharrod LaFon

Ben McClelland

SamGutierrez

Bob Pearson

Questions?



References & Links

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