Ceph: An Open Source Object Store

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What is an Object Store?

- Manages data as objects
- Offers capabilities that are not supported by other storage systems
- Object Storage vs. Traditional Storage



What is Ceph?

- An object store and filesystem
- Open source and freely available
- Scalable to the Exabyte level



Basic Ceph Cluster

- Monitor Node
 - Monitors the health of the Ceph cluster
- OSD Node
 - Runs multiple Object Storage Daemons (One daemon per hard drive)
- Proxy Node
 - Provides an object storage interface
 - Can interact with cluster using PUT/GET operations
 - Provides applications with a RESTful gateway to the Ceph storage cluster

Basic Ceph Cluster



But Why?

- Campaign Storage
- More reliable than other file systems
- POSIX compliant
- Scales better than RAID
- Cost efficient



Project Goals

- Build a Ceph storage cluster
 - 1 Monitor node
 - 6 OSD nodes (Around 20 OSD daemons each)
 - 3 proxy nodes
- Erasure coding profiles
- Single vs. Multiple proxies

Test Environment

- CentOS 6.6
- Ten HP ProLiant D380P Gen8 Servers
- Three Supermicro 847jbod-14 (45 disks each)
- Mellanox Infiniband 56 Gb/s
- Two SAS cards 6 Gb/s
 - 8 ports at 600 MB/s
- Four Raid cards 6 Gb/s
 - 8 PCI Express 3.0 lanes

7	
3	
8 4	



Pools and PGs



Pools and Placement Groups

- An object belongs to a single placement group
- Pools group placement groups
- Placement groups belong to multiple OSDs



CRUSH!

- Controlled Replication Under Scalable Hashing (CRUSH)
- Algorithm finds optimal location to store objects
- Stripes objects across storage devices
- On the OSDs













Erasure Coding

- High resiliency to data loss
- Smaller storage footprint than RAID
- Data is broken up into object chunks
- Striped across many hard drives
- K + M values used to stripe
- Various erasure profiles





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Results

- Difficult to install and configure Ceph on CentOS 6.6
- Multiple proxies write faster than a single proxy
- Replicated profile was faster than the erasure coded profiles
- K + M values did not significantly affect read and write speeds



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Ceph Headaches

- Documentation is inaccurate
- Nodes must be configured in specific order
 - Monitor \rightarrow OSDs \rightarrow Proxies
- Ceph was unable to recover after hardware failure
- Could only use one out of the four Infiniband lanes
- Unable to read in parallel



Conclusion

- Ceph is difficult to install and configure
- Stability of Ceph needs to be improved
- Unable to recover from hardware failures during benchmarking
- Performance was promising

Future Work

- Investigate bottleneck of tests
- Further explore pool configurations and PG numbers
- Look into Ceph monitoring solutions
- Test differences between ZFS/BTRFS vs XFS/EXT4

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Questions?

- Objects stores?
- Ceph and our object store?
- Installation and configuration?
- Pools and Placement groups?
- CRUSH?
- Erasure coding?
- K + M?

